## What is Coeliac Disease?

How do you say coeliac? Seel ee ak.
Coeliac disease means you can not eat food with gluten. Gluten is in wheat, rye, barley and oats. If you eat gluten, it will make you feel sick.

## What food has gluten?

- Pasta
- Bread
- Biscuits
- Cake
- Muffins
- Pastry
- Cereal
- Beer
- Oats For example, porridge
- Gravy
- Salad dressing
- Sauce. For example, soy sauce, stir through pasta sauce
- Fried food
- Lollies
- Fake meat. For example, hot dogs,

People who have coeliac disease and eat these foods will feel sick. When you eat gluten, your body thinks it is bad.

## How will you feel?

When you eat gluten your body will give you warning signs. You might have 1 or more of these symptoms.

## Common symptoms

- Sore stomach
- Bloated stomach
- Lots of gas
- Feeling dizzy
- Vomiting


## Very serious symptoms

- Thin and weak bones
- Diabetes
- Trouble getting pregnant
- Low iron in your blood
- Diarrhoea
- Constipation
- Feeling tired
- Weight loss
- Mouth ulcers
- Depression, feeling sad
- Poor teeth and gum health
- Cancer


## Who gets coeliac disease?

Anyone can get coeliac disease. You do not catch coeliac disease from other people. You are born with coeliac disease. You might not know you have coeliac disease. It can be triggered later in life. This is because our bodies change.

## Go to your doctor

Coeliac disease is very serious. You must go to see your doctor. Your doctor can do tests and check if you have coeliac disease. Your doctor will tell you what to do.

## How to find out if you have coeliac disease

You might think you have coeliac disease. You must talk to your doctor first. Your doctor will do the proper tests.

## 1 Keep eating food with gluten

Keep eating what you usually eat. Your doctor needs to do blood tests to see how food with gluten affects your body.

You might have stopped eating food with gluten. You need to start eating food with gluten again. This will make sure you get a correct reading on your blood test. Before your blood test, you should have 4 pieces of bread every day for 6 weeks. This will be hard at the start. You might feel sick. It will get easier.

## 2 Go to your doctor for a blood test

A blood test is 1 way to show that you might have coeliac disease. Sometimes blood tests for coeliac disease are wrong. Your blood test might be normal but you keep feeling sick after eating food with gluten. You can ask your doctor for another blood test.

## 3 You can get a bowel test

This test is called an endoscopy. The doctor puts a tube down your throat. The doctor will give you an injection first so you are asleep and the tube won't hurt. The doctor uses the tube to look at the inside of your stomach. The test only takes 10 minutes. Your doctor will work out if you have coeliac disease.

You should have this test again in about 2 years. It will show if your stomach is getting better.

## Coeliac disease symptom checklist

Every person with coeliac disease might feel different. Use this checklist to see which symptoms you have. You might have 1 or more of these symptoms.

- Do this checklist
- Take it to your doctor
- Talk to your doctor about your symptoms


## Common symptoms that most people have with coeliac disease

- Feeling tired and weak
- Low iron in your blood. You will need a blood test to test this
- Lots of gas and a bloated stomach
- Diarrhoea
- Constipation
- Both diarrhoea and constipation
- Stomach cramps
- Feeling sick in the stomach and vomiting
- Sore stomach after eating
- Weight loss
- Mouth ulcers
- Sore bones and pain in your joints. For example, your elbows and knees
- Low vitamin levels. You will need a blood test to test this
- Itchy rash on your skin
- Poor teeth and gum health. For example, your teeth look yellow or brown


## Symptoms children might have

- Bloated stomach, pain and lots of gas
- Feeling sick in the stomach and vomiting
- Low iron in your blood. You will need a blood test to test this
- Diarrhoea or Constipation
- Both diarrhoea and constipation
- Large, very smelly poo
- Not putting on weight or weight loss
- Delayed growth
- Delayed start of puberty
- Tired and cranky


## Other types of health problems

If you have any of these health problems, tell your doctor.

- Weak bones that break easily. This is called osteoporosis
- Autoimmune thyroid disease. This is problems with your thyroid.
- Type 1 diabetes
- Multiple sclerosis
- Having miscarriages or trouble getting pregnant
- Depression, feeling sad


# Italian Cuisine Factsheet Gluten Free 

## *This information is only to be used once you have been diagnosed with coeliac disease by a doctor or specialist. Do not attempt a gluten free diet unless you have been medically diagnosed as requiring it.

The only treatment for coeliac disease is to follow a strict gluten free diet. This will be life long, where any gluten eaten can make you feel sick and damage the intestinal lining. Even if you don't feel sick eating gluten, if you have coeliac disease, the gluten will still cause damage to your intestines.

Gluten needs to be eaten and swallowed to cause a problem in coeliac disease. All foods, snacks, drinks, treats, medication and supplements that contain gluten must be avoided. Cosmetics, soaps, injections and skin creams that contain gluten do not cause a problem and can still be used. Gluten must be swallowed and pass through the digestive system to cause a problem.

In Australia 1\% of the population have coeliac disease, however, research shows that coeliac disease is slightly higher in those of European heritage.

Once diagnosed with coeliac disease you should:

1. Take this document to your dietitian, to determine your individual nutritional requirements and how to incorporate a gluten free diet into your current lifestyle.
2. Advise the rest of your family to be tested for coeliac disease. Coeliac disease is a genetic condition.

Following a gluten free diet may not heal you immediately, but you should start to feel better within a few weeks. Some people take longer than others to feel relief from symptoms. At first following a gluten free diet appears hard to follow, but with time it will become a lot easier.

## Gluten Contamination

Gluten free products can become contaminated - even a crumb can cause a bad reaction.

To avoid contamination:

1. Store gluten free products and ingredients in separate, sealed containers. They are best stored on the top shelf of the pantry or on the shelf above the gluten containing food. This means that if gluten containing foods are spilled or dropped, it won't contaminate the gluten free products.
2. Prepare gluten free meals in a separate area of the kitchen. Or prepare the gluten free meal first and then the gluten containing one. For example first make the gluten free sandwich then the gluten containing one, or first grill the gluten free seasoned fish and then the floured fish.
3. Use clean knives/spoons in spreads, dips and margarines - never dip back into the container if there are gluten crumbs on the knife or spoon or you will add gluten crumbs to the container.
4. Salads or meals must not be served with or touching with gluten bread, - just a crumb is enough to cause damage.

## How to find gluten free foods:

There are four basic steps to finding gluten free foods:

1. Foods that are naturally gluten free
```
\checkmark ~ F r e s h ~ F r u i t ~ \& ~ V e g e t a b l e s ~
\checkmark Plain/unflavoured nuts & seeds
\checkmark Fresh Herbs & spices
\checkmark ~ E g g s
\checkmark Fresh meats (NOT battered, coated, marinaded, crumbed)
\checkmark ~ D a i r y ~ ( N O T ~ f l a v o u r e d ~ m i l k s )
\checkmark Fats and oils
```

2. Gluten free by ingredient

Read the ingredients on the food label to make sure they do not contain barley, rye, oats or wheat

```
\(\times \quad\) Wheat
\(x \quad\) Rye
\(x\) Barley
\(x \quad\) Oats
```

or any ingredient made from barley, rye, oats or wheat.
For example:

```
x Starch (wheat)
x Yeast (barley)
x Bran (oats)
x Flour (rye)
```

BUT, there are 3 exceptions to this rule, that are gluten free:
$\checkmark$ Glucose syrup (wheat)
$\checkmark$ Caramel colour (wheat)
$\checkmark$ Dextrose (wheat)
3. Products that use the claim 'Gluten Free'

If a product has the words 'Gluten Free; on the label or the packaging.
This means it is gluten free and is suitable for you to eat.
4. The Coeliac Australia endorsement Logo

Coeliac Australia endorses products that are gluten free.
The logo pictured here is placed on endorsed products to show they are safe for use on a gluten free diet.


Useful websites in Italian:
www.celiachia.it
www.schar.com

## Typical Australian Foods:

```
Anzac biscuits
Bagel
Battered Fish
Bread
Cakes
Chicken Nuggets
Chocolate bars (KitKat, Picnic)
Crumbed Meat
Hamburgers
Lamingtons
Lasagne
Meat pie
Milo
Muesli bars
Muesli cereal
Oats
Oats bars
Oats porridge
Pasta
Pizza
Tim Tams
Vegemite
Weetbix
```

Gluten free Anzac biscuits
Gluten free bagels
Grilled fish (no flour)
Gluten free bread
Gluten free cake
Gluten Free Nuggets
Gluten Free chocolate
Crumbed meat with gluten free crumbs
Gluten free hamburger pattie and rolls
Gluten free lamingtons
Gluten free lasagna sheets
Gluten free pies
Nesquick
Gluten free muesli bars
Gluten free muesli
Rice Flakes
Gluten free muesli bars
Rice porridge
Gluten free pasta
Use gluten free pizza base
Naturally Good D'Lush range are similar
Aussie Mite
Gluten free weetbix

Gluten free alternatives

|  | Not gluten <br> free |  | Gluten free alternative |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $x$ | Barley | $\checkmark$ | Buckwheat, lentils, quinoa, rice, millet, amaranth |
| $x$ | Bread Crumbs | $\checkmark$ | Gluten free breadcrumbs or rice crumbs |
| $x$ | Brewers Yeast | $\checkmark$ | Bakers Yeast |
| $x$ | Bulgar | $\checkmark$ | Quinoa, buckwheat, rice |
| $x$ | Corn Flakes | $\checkmark$ | Gluten free cornflakes |
| $x$ | Cous cous | $\checkmark$ | Quinoa, buckwheat, rice |
| $x$ | Cracked wheat | $\checkmark$ | Quinoa, buckwheat, rice |
| $x$ | Filo pastry | $\checkmark$ | Gluten free filo pastry |
| $x$ | Freekah | $\checkmark$ | Quinoa, buckwheat, rice, tapioca |
| $x$ | Noodles | $\checkmark$ | Gluten free, rice or mung bean noodles |
| $x$ | Pasta | $\checkmark$ | Gluten free pasta |
| $x$ | Pita Bread | $\checkmark$ | Gluten free pita bread |
| $x$ | Pizza Base | $\checkmark$ | Gluten free pizza base |
| $x$ | Semolina | $\checkmark$ | Polenta, rice flour, tapioca flour |
| $x$ | Wheat bran | $\checkmark$ | Rice bran |
| $x$ | Wheat flour | $\checkmark$ | Potato flour, rice flour, tapioca flour, buckwheat flour |
| $x$ | Wheat germ | $\checkmark$ | Rice bran, ground flaxseed, LSA (linseed, sunflower, <br> almond mixture), almond meal |



## Recipe ideas for adapting to gluten free

This section is to demonstrate how to adapt a recipe to be gluten free. Sometimes a recipe can be adapted directly with gluten free ingredients and sometimes it needs additional ingredients to boost flavour or structure of the meal. Below are some examples of ingredients for a gluten free version. Various stores supply dried gluten free pasta and some delicatessens supply fresh gluten free pasta. Here is a recipe to make your own fresh gluten free pasta

## Gluten Free Pasta

Various stores supply dried gluten free pasta and some delicatessens supply fresh gluten free pasta. Here is a recipe to make your own fresh gluten free pasta

150g rice flour
50 g potato starch
1 tbsp corn flour
2 tbsp xanthan gum
$1 / 4$ tsp salt
3 large eggs (room temperature)
1 tbsp olive oil

## Bechamel sauce

5 tbsp unsalted butter
$1 / 2$ cups all purpose gluten free flour
4 cups milk (room temperature)
pinch of fresh grated nutmeg
$11 / 2$ cups tomato sauce

## Gluten Free Bread

There are a variety of ready made gluten free breads available in supermarkets.
However you may like to make your own at home.
325ml milk
2 large eggs
1tsp white wine vinegar
450 g all purpose gluten free flour
$1 / 2$ teaspoon salt
2 tbsp caster sugar
1 sachet dried yeast
3 tbsp olive oil
Tiramisu
2 cups strong black coffee
$1 / 2$ cup marsala
3 eggs (separated)
1/3 cup caster sugar
250g mascarpone
300ml thickend cream
1 large packet of gluten free sponge biscuits
cocoa for dusting

