

What is Coeliac Disease?

How do you say Coeliac? **Seel ee ak.**

Coeliac Disease means you can **not** eat food with gluten. Gluten is in wheat, rye, barley and oats. If you eat gluten, it will make you feel sick.

What food has gluten?

- Pasta
- Bread
- Biscuits
- Cake
- Muffins
- Pastry
- Cereal
- Beer
- Oats For example, porridge
- Gravy
- Salad dressing
- Sauce. For example, soy sauce, stir through pasta sauce
- Fried food
- Lollies
- Fake meat. For example, hot dogs, straz

People who have Coeliac Disease and eat these foods will feel sick. When you eat gluten, your body thinks it is bad.

How will you feel?

When you eat gluten your body will give you warning signs. You might have 1 or more of these symptoms.

Common symptoms

- Sore stomach
- Bloating stomach
- Lots of gas
- Feeling dizzy
- Vomiting
- Diarrhoea
- Constipation
- Feeling tired
- Weight loss
- Mouth ulcers

Very serious symptoms

- Thin and weak bones
- Diabetes
- Trouble getting pregnant
- Low iron in your blood
- Depression, feeling sad
- Poor teeth and gum health
- Cancer

Who gets Coeliac Disease?

Anyone can get Coeliac Disease. You do **not** catch Coeliac Disease from other people. You are born with Coeliac Disease. You might not know you have Coeliac Disease. It can be triggered later in life. This is because our bodies change.

Go to your doctor

Coeliac Disease is very serious. You must go to see your doctor. Your doctor can do tests and check if you have Coeliac Disease. Your doctor will tell you what to do.

For more information

- Talk to your doctor.
- Phone Coeliac Australia 1300 458 836
- Look on our website coeliac.org.au

How to find out if you have coeliac disease

You might think you have coeliac disease. You must talk to your doctor first. Your doctor will do the proper tests.

1 Keep eating food with gluten

Keep eating what you usually eat. Your doctor needs to do blood tests to see how food with gluten affects your body.

You might have stopped eating food with gluten. You need to start eating food with gluten again. This will make sure you get a correct reading on your blood test. Before your blood test, you should have 4 pieces of bread every day for 6 weeks. This will be hard at the start. You might feel sick. It will get easier.

2 Go to your doctor for a blood test

A blood test is 1 way to show that you might have coeliac disease. Sometimes blood tests for coeliac disease are wrong. Your blood test might be normal but you keep feeling sick after eating food with gluten. You can ask your doctor for another blood test.

3 You can get a bowel test

This test is called an endoscopy. The doctor puts a tube down your throat. The doctor will give you an injection first so you are asleep and the tube won't hurt. The doctor uses the tube to look at the inside of your stomach. The test only takes 10 minutes. Your doctor will work out if you have coeliac disease.

You should have this test again in about 2 years. It will show if your stomach is getting better.

For more information

- Talk to your doctor.
- When diagnosed contact Coeliac Australia for more information and resources in your language 1300 458 836
- Look on our website coeliac.org.au

Coeliac disease symptom checklist

Every person with coeliac disease might feel different. Use this checklist to see which symptoms you have. You might have 1 or more of these symptoms.

- Do this checklist
- Take it to your doctor
- Talk to your doctor about your symptoms

Common symptoms that most people have with coeliac disease

- Feeling tired and weak
- Low iron in your blood. You will need a blood test to test this
- Lots of gas and a bloated stomach
- Diarrhoea or Constipation
- Both diarrhoea and constipation
- Stomach cramps
- Feeling sick in the stomach and vomiting
- Sore stomach after eating
- Weight loss
- Mouth ulcers
- Sore bones and pain in your joints. For example, your elbows and knees
- Low vitamin levels. You will need a blood test to test this
- Itchy rash on your skin
- Poor teeth and gum health. For example, your teeth look yellow or brown

Symptoms children might have

- Bloating stomach, pain and lots of gas
- Feeling sick in the stomach and vomiting
- Low iron in your blood. You will need a blood test to test this
- Diarrhoea or Constipation
- Both diarrhoea and constipation
- Large, very smelly poo
- Not putting on weight or weight loss
- Delayed growth
- Delayed start of puberty
- Tired and cranky

Other types of health problems

If you have any of these health problems, tell your doctor.

- Weak bones that break easily. This is called osteoporosis
- Autoimmune thyroid disease. This is problems with your thyroid.
- Type 1 diabetes
- Multiple sclerosis
- Having miscarriages or trouble getting pregnant
- Depression, feeling sad

For more information

- Talk to your doctor.
- Phone Coeliac Australia 1300 458 836
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Arabic Cuisine – Gluten Free

***This information is only to be used once you have been diagnosed with coeliac disease by a doctor or specialist. Do not attempt a gluten free diet unless you have been medically diagnosed as requiring it.**

The only treatment for coeliac disease is to follow a strict gluten free diet. This will be life long, where any gluten eaten can make you feel sick and damage the intestinal lining. Even if you don't feel sick eating gluten, if you have coeliac disease, the gluten will still cause damage to your intestines.

Gluten needs to be eaten and swallowed to cause a problem in coeliac disease. All foods, snacks, drinks, treats, medication and supplements that contain gluten must be avoided. Cosmetics, soaps, injections and skin creams that contain gluten do not cause a problem and can still be used. Gluten must be swallowed and pass through the digestive system to cause a problem.

In Australia 1% of the population have coeliac disease, however, research shows that coeliac disease is as high as 2.2% in those of Middle Eastern heritage.

Once diagnosed with coeliac disease you should:

1. Take this document to your dietitian, to determine your individual nutritional requirements and how to incorporate a gluten free diet into your current lifestyle.
2. Advise the rest of your family to be tested for coeliac disease. Coeliac disease is a genetic condition.

Following a gluten free diet may not heal you immediately, but you should start to feel better within a few weeks. Some people take longer than others to feel relief from symptoms. At first following a gluten free diet appears hard to follow, but with time it will become a lot easier.

Gluten Contamination

Gluten free products can become contaminated – even a crumb can cause a bad reaction.

To avoid contamination:

1. Store gluten free products and ingredients in separate, sealed containers. They are best stored on the top shelf of the pantry or on the shelf above the gluten containing food. This means that if gluten containing foods are spilled or dropped, it won't contaminate the gluten free products.
2. Prepare gluten free meals in a separate area of the kitchen. Or prepare the gluten free meal first and then the gluten containing one. For example first make the gluten free sandwich then the gluten containing one, or first grill the gluten free seasoned fish and then the floured fish.
3. Use clean knives/spoons in spreads, dips and margarines - never dip back into the container if there are gluten crumbs on the knife or spoon or you will add gluten crumbs to the container.
4. Salads or meals must not be served with or touching with gluten bread, - just a crumb is enough to cause damage.

How to find gluten free foods:

There are four basic steps to finding gluten free foods:

1. Foods that are naturally gluten free

- ✓ Fresh Fruit & Vegetables
- ✓ Plain/unflavoured nuts & seeds
- ✓ Fresh Herbs & spices
- ✓ Eggs
- ✓ Fresh meats (NOT battered, coated, marinated, crumbed)
- ✓ Dairy (NOT flavoured milks)
- ✓ Fats and oils

2. Gluten free by ingredient

Read the ingredients on the food label to make sure they do not contain barley, rye, oats or wheat

- x Wheat
- x Rye
- x Barley
- x Oats

or any ingredient made from barley, rye, oats or wheat.

For example:

- x Starch (wheat)
- x Yeast (barley)
- x Bran (oats)
- x Flour (rye)

BUT, there are 3 exceptions to this rule, that are gluten free:

- ✓ Glucose syrup (wheat)
- ✓ Caramel colour (wheat)
- ✓ Dextrose (wheat)

3. Products that use the claim 'Gluten Free'

If a product has the words 'Gluten Free; on the label or the packaging. This means it is gluten free and is suitable for you to eat.

4. The Coeliac Australia endorsement Logo

Coeliac Australia endorses products that are gluten free.

The logo pictured here is placed on endorsed products to show they are safe for use on a gluten free diet.



Useful websites in Arabic:

<http://www.saudiceliac.com>
<http://www.global.schaer.com/ar/contact>

Typical Australian Foods:

x	Anzac biscuits	✓	Gluten free Anzac biscuits
x	Bagel	✓	Gluten free bagels
x	Battered Fish	✓	Grilled fish (no flour)
x	Bread	✓	Gluten free bread
x	Cakes	✓	Gluten free cake
x	Chicken Nuggets	✓	Gluten Free Nuggets
x	Chocolate bars (KitKat, Picnic)	✓	Gluten Free chocolate
x	Crumbed Meat	✓	Crumbed meat with gluten free crumbs
x	Hamburgers	✓	Gluten free hamburger pattie and rolls
x	Lamingtons	✓	Gluten free lamingtons
x	Lasagne	✓	Gluten free lasagna sheets
x	Meat pie	✓	Gluten free pies
x	Milo	✓	Nesquick
x	Muesli bars	✓	Gluten free muesli bars
x	Muesli cereal	✓	Gluten free muesli
x	Oats	✓	Rice Flakes
x	Oats bars	✓	Gluten free muesli bars
x	Oats porridge	✓	Rice porridge
x	Pasta	✓	Gluten free pasta
x	Pizza	✓	Use gluten free pizza base
x	Tim Tams	✓	Naturally Good D'Lush range are similar
x	Vegetemite	✓	Aussie Mite
x	Weetbix	✓	Gluten free weetbix

x Not gluten free
 ✓ Gluten free

Gluten free alternatives

	Not gluten free		Gluten free alternative
x	Bread Crumbs	✓	Gluten free breadcrumbs or rice crumbs
x	Brewers Yeast	✓	Bakers Yeast
x	Bulgar	✓	Quinoa, buckwheat, rice
x	Corn Flakes	✓	Gluten free cornflakes
x	Cous cous	✓	Quinoa, buckwheat, rice
x	Cracked wheat	✓	Quinoa, buckwheat, rice
x	Filo pastry	✓	Gluten free filo
x	Freekah	✓	Quinoa, buckwheat, rice, tapioca
x	Haleem	✓	Rice flakes or rice porridge
x	Lavash	✓	Gluten free lavash
x	Naan	✓	Gluten free naan
x	Noodles	✓	Gluten free/rice/mung bean noodles
x	Pita Bread	✓	Gluten free pita bread
x	Wheat bran	✓	Rice bran
x	Wheat flour	✓	Potato flour, rice flour, tapioca flour, buckwheat flour
x	Wheat germ	✓	Rice bran, ground flaxseed, LSA (linseed, sunflower, almond mixture), almond meal

Bread	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> × Bread made from wheat, rye, barley or oats. × Pita bread × Taboon × Lavash ✓ Breads made from rice, potato, tapioca or corn flours ✓ Gluten free pita ✓ Gluten free bread ✓ Gluten free wraps ✍ Tip: If regular bread is served with a meal, ask for it not to be added or, ask for gluten free bread. 	
Meat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Fresh fish, red meat, poultry and goat are gluten free. × Meats cooked with regular bread stuffing, crumbs or flour. ✍ Tip: Check marinades for ingredients ✍ Tip: Clean the grill, barbeque or pan prior to cooking to remove all gluten containing coatings or flour. ✍ Tip: When frying, cook the gluten free item first to avoid contamination 	
Flours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> × Wheat × Rye × Barley × Einkorn × Oats × Semolina × Atta × Faro × Durum × Emmer × Spelt × Kamut × Farina 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Sago ✓ Tapioca ✓ Millet ✓ Corn ✓ Potato ✓ Tapioca ✓ Corn ✓ Rice ✓ Soy ✓ Amaranth ✓ Arrowroot ✓ Buckwheat ✓ Sorghum ✓ Teff ✓ Quinoa ✓ Chickpeas
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✍ It is good to mix a variety of gluten free flours to get a good outcome. ✍ Gluten free All Purpose flour mix: 200g white rice flour, 100g buckwheat flour, 100g sorghum flour, 300g potato starch, 300g tapioca flour, 50g milk powder, 10g xanthan gum 	
Herbs & Spices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Most herbs and spices are gluten free ✓ Always check ingredients × Spice mixes such as zataar and baharat, can have wheat starch added, read the ingredients list to ensure they are gluten free. 	
Gravy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ⓟ Each product differs, check the ingredients. 	
Sauces	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ⓟ Each product differs, check the ingredients 	
Marinades	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ⓟ Each product differs, check the ingredients 	
Dairy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All dairy × Flavoured or malted milk 	
Beans	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All beans Ⓟ If in a sauce check the ingredients 	
Legumes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> × All legumes Ⓟ If in a sauce check the ingredients 	

Recipe ideas for adapting to gluten free

Typical foods to consider that will contain gluten and need to adapt to be gluten free. The same recipe can still be used, with the gluten containing ingredients replaced with gluten free ingredients.

Ash abu la ham	Using a gluten free pizza base
Baba ghanouj	Using gluten free bread crumbs
Baklava	Use gluten free rolled pastry sheets or gluten free rough puff pastry.
Basbousa	Using a gluten free all purpose flour NOT semolina
Falafel	Using no flour and serving in a gluten free pita bread
Jarish	Using gluten free grains such as quinoa or rice
Kebab	If you use flour, make sure it is gluten free flour
Knafen	Using gluten free rice noodles NOT regular noodles
Kunafi	Using gluten free flour and pastry NOT regular pastry and semolina
Mudadobra	Using gluten free grains such as quinoa, tapioca, rice or buckwheat
Muhalabia	Ensure corn flour is pure corn flour and not wheat containing
Muttabag	Using gluten free rolled pastry sheets
Naan	Using the same method to make naan using all purpose gluten free flour with 1¼ teaspoons xanthan gum instead of regular flour.
Pita Bread	Using the same method to make regular pita bread, replace the regular flour with ½ cup white rice flour, ¼ cup potato starch, ¼ cup cornstarch and ½ tablespoon of xanthan gum for every cup of flour in the regular recipe.
Qatayef	Using gluten free flour NOT regular flour
Tabouleh	Instead of pearled barley, use quinoa, buckwheat or rice